



# Okeanos Explorer ROV Dive Summary

## Dive Information

<p>General Location Map</p>	
<p>General Area Descriptor</p>	<p>U.S. Southeast, Currituck Landslide</p>
<p>Site Name</p>	<p>Currituck Base</p>
<p>Science Team Leads</p>	<p>Amy Wagner (CSUS) and Alexis Weinnig (Temple)</p>
<p>Expedition Coordinator</p>	<p>Kasey Cantwell (NOAA-OER)</p>
<p>ROV Dive Supervisor</p>	<p>Chris Ritter (GFOE)</p>
<p>Mapping Lead</p>	<p>Shannon Hoy (NOAA-OER)</p>

## ROV Dive Name

<p>Cruise</p>	<p>EX1903L2</p>
<p>Dive Number</p>	<p>DIVE15</p>



## Scientists Involved (provide name, affiliation, email)

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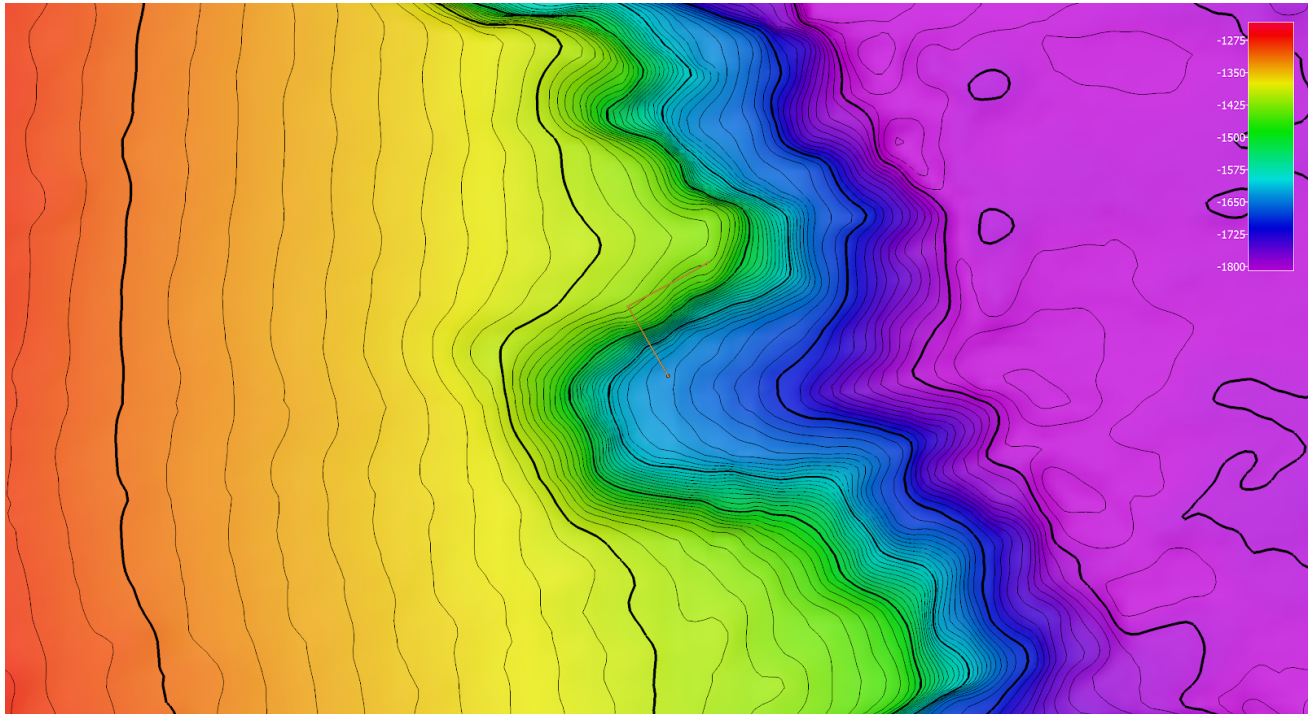
Dive Purpose	The primary objective of this dive is to explore and characterize an area with relatively steep slope on the Currituck landslide off the North Carolina coast.
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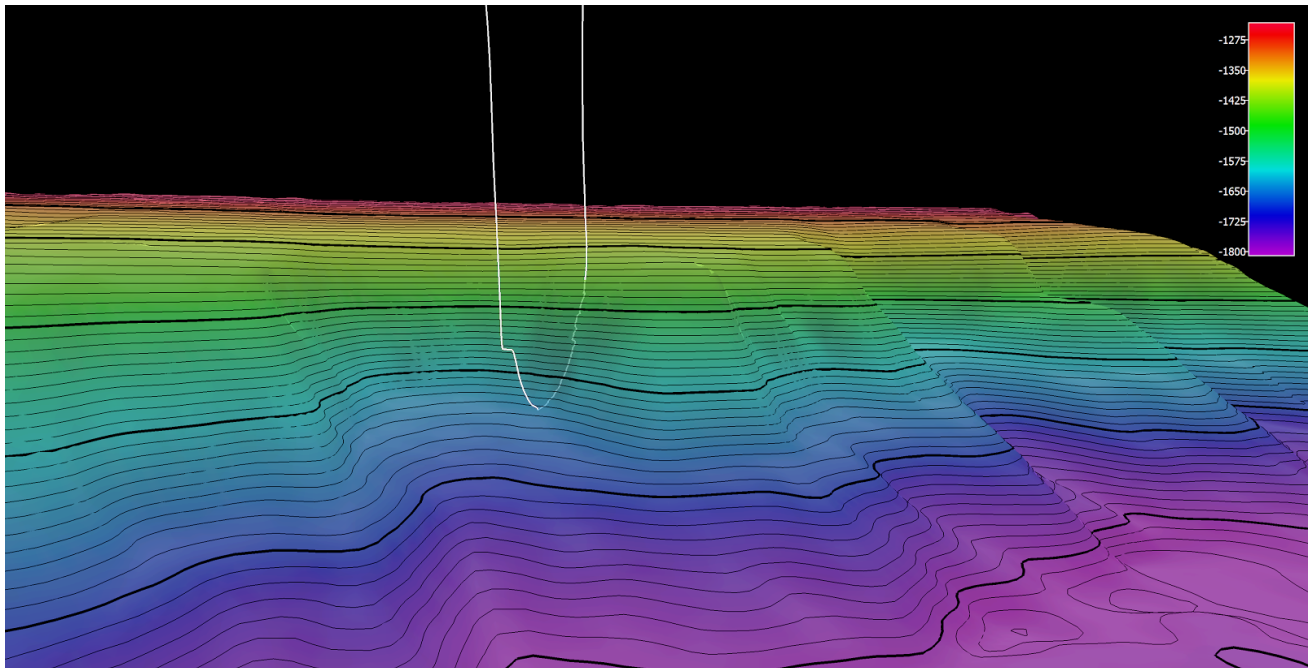
Dive Description	<p>This dive at Currituck landslide was slightly delayed due to weather, a system passed through around 12:00 UTC which delayed launch by approximately an hour. The vehicles launched at 13:55 UTC and reached the bottom at 15:27 UTC at 1,642 meters. The seafloor was comprised of soft, silty sediment with some large chunks of angular rocks dispersed across the seafloor. Among the sedimented seafloor was a relatively high density of ophiuroids (<i>Ophiomusa sp.</i>), a few different genera of sea pens including <i>Umbellula sp.</i> and <i>Kophobelemnion sp.</i>, echinoid urchins, and cup corals (<i>Flabellum alabastrum</i>). The cup corals occur more common as the seafloor became a little more rubbly as we continued up the slope. We also observed a number of fish throughout the dive including halosaurs (<i>Halosaurus macrochir</i>, <i>Aldrovandia affinis</i>), sorcerer eels (<i>Venefica procera</i>), ophioid cusk eels (<i>Dicrolene introgigra</i>), macrourids, eelpouts (<i>Lycodes terraevona</i>), At a depth of approximately 1,550 m, the bottom became more steep and rocky. The ROV encountered large rock faces over 10 meters high. A number of brisingid sea stars were seen on the rocky outcrop, in addition to some sponges and anemones and a large (&gt;10 cm) pycnogonida sea spider (<i>Colossendeis sp.</i>). Surprisingly, the rock surface did not have much sessile organism settlement that might be expected in such an area. We did observe two warty octopods (<i>Graneledone sp.</i>) along the sedimentary rock slopes and one bobtail squid. As we continued up the feature, beyond the large rock boulders, the slope decreased and became relatively sedimented again with angular rock chunks dispersed across the seafloor. The dive ended at 19:40 at a depth of 1,469 m. Two biological samples were collected (a <i>Flabellum alabastrum</i> and a benthic ctenophore) and one geological sample was collected.</p>
Notable Observations	Large rock structures over 10 meters high at the steepest point on the dive track
Community Presence/Absence (community is defined as more than two species)	<p>X Corals and Sponges</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Chemosynthetic Community</li> <li>✓ High biodiversity Community</li> <li>✓ Active Seep or Vent</li> <li>✓ Extinct Seep or Vent</li> <li>✓ Hydrates</li> </ul>
Feature Type	Submarine Slide Deposit (Underwater landslide), Submarine Slide Deposit, Scarp/Wall
SeaTube Link (science annotation system)	<a href="https://data.oceannetworks.ca/SeaTubeV2?resourceTypeId=1000&amp;resourceId=23621&amp;divId=1483">https://data.oceannetworks.ca/SeaTubeV2?resourceTypeId=1000&amp;resourceId=23621&amp;divId=1483</a>



## Overall Map of the ROV Dive Area



## Close-up Map of Main Dive Site

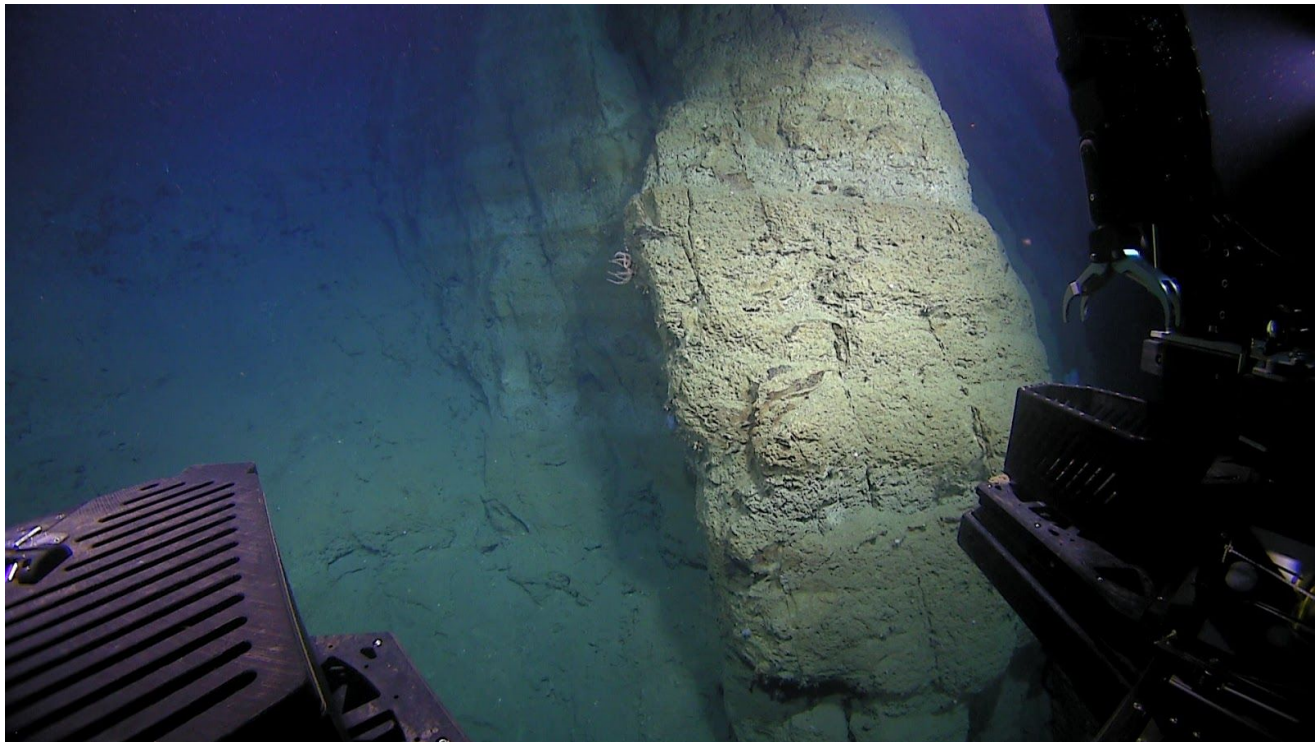




## Representative Photos of the Dive



*Flabellum alabastrum* on the sedimented seafloor



The large boulders observed around 1,550 meters (wide angle camera)







*Graneledone* sp. on the sedimentary rock slopes

[CAPTION]



## Samples Collected



Sample ID	EX1903L2_D15_01B	
Date (UTC)	20190707	
Time (UTC)	163934	
Depth (m)	1611.8	
Temp. (°C)	3.881	
Field ID(s)	<i>Flabellum sp.</i> (rose coral)	
Associates	Associates Sample ID	Field Identification
	No associates	
Comments		







Sample ID	EX1903L2_D15_02B					
Date (UTC)	20190707					
Time (UTC)	165923					
Depth (m)	1592.0					
Temp. (°C)	3.925					
Field ID(s)	Platyctenida					
Associates	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Associates Sample ID</th> <th>Field Identification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>EX1903L2_D15_02B_A01</td> <td>Gastropod</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Associates Sample ID	Field Identification	EX1903L2_D15_02B_A01	Gastropod
	Associates Sample ID	Field Identification				
	EX1903L2_D15_02B_A01	Gastropod				
Comments						





Sample ID	EX1903L2_D15_03G									
Date (UTC)	20190707									
Time (UTC)	191538									
Depth (m)	1500.7									
Temp. (°C)	4.007									
Field ID(s)	Rock									
Associates	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Associates Sample ID</th> <th>Field Identification</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>EX1903L2_D15_03G_A01</td> <td>Unknown</td> </tr> <tr> <td>EX1903L2_D15_03G_A02</td> <td>Polychaeta</td> </tr> <tr> <td>EX1903L2_D15_03G_A03</td> <td>Polychaeta</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Associates Sample ID	Field Identification	EX1903L2_D15_03G_A01	Unknown	EX1903L2_D15_03G_A02	Polychaeta	EX1903L2_D15_03G_A03	Polychaeta
	Associates Sample ID	Field Identification								
	EX1903L2_D15_03G_A01	Unknown								
	EX1903L2_D15_03G_A02	Polychaeta								
EX1903L2_D15_03G_A03	Polychaeta									
Comments										

**Please direct inquiries to:**

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