

Okeanos Explorer ROV Dive Summary

Dive Information

General Location	80°W	79°W	78°W	77°W	76°W	75°W	74°W	73°W	72°W	71°W
Мар	N _a Ge							Ocea	n Explora Research	
	Nº85									38°N
	a?"				Norfolk, VA					37°N
	36°N									36°N
	N°2E					Dive 2	11			35°N
	N.+E NE		cal Miles						Ŷ	N ⁺ FE N ⁺ EE
	80°W	79°W	78°W	77°W	76°W	75°W	74°W	73°W	72°W	71°W
General Area Descriptor	U.S. Sou	theast, NC	C Canyons							
Site Name	Deep "D	odge" Car	nyon							
Science Team Leads	Amy Wa	gner (CSU	S) and A	lexis Wein	nig (Templ	e)				
Expedition Coordinator	Kasey Ca	intwell (N	OAA-OER)							
ROV Dive Supervisor	Chris Rit	ter (GFOE)							
Mapping Lead	Shannon	Hoy (NO	AA-OER)							

ROV Dive Name

Cruise	EX1903L2
Dive Number	Dive 11

Equipment Deployed

ROV	Deep Discoverer					
Camera Platform	Seirios					
	✓CTD	✓ Depth	✓ Altitude			
ROV	✓ Scanning Sonar	✓ USBL Position	✓ Heading			
Measurements	✔ Pitch	✓ Roll	✔ HD Camera 1			
	✔ HD Camera 2	✓ Low Res Cam 1	✓ Low Res Cam 2			
	✓ Low Res Cam 3	✓ Low Res Cam 4	✓ Low Res Cam 5			
Equipment						
Malfunctions						
ROV Dive Summary Data (from	Dive Summary: EX1903L2_DIVE11					
Processed ROV)	^^^^					
	In Water:	2019-07-03T16:52:01.09207	3			
	35°,	37.477' N ; 74°, 44.914' W				
	On Bottom:	2019-07-03T17:57:40.22431	0			
			5			
	35°, 37.471' N ; 74°, 44.858' W					
	Off Bottom: 2019-07-03T21:27:20.396816					
	35°, 37.403' N ; 74°, 44.93' W					
	Out Water:	2019-07-03T23:44:59.76393	1			
	35°, 36.607' N ; 74°, 45.286' W					
	,					
	Dive duration:	6:52:58				
	Dive duration.	0.32.30				
		2 20 40				
	Bottom Time:	3:29:40				
	Max. depth:	1348.0 m	d honorus findsing support to ffttb. U			
Special Notes	Due to very high surface currents in the Gulf Stream and heavy fishing vessel traffic at a shallower					
	site, this alternate site was chosen further to the north and out of the Gulf Stream. Dive was					
	extended to accommodate the lost bottom time due to needing to test several sites. Began recovery earlier than planned due to a severe storm in the area. Vehicles we held in the water					
	column while we waited for lightening to clear.					
	column while we walte	eu for lightening to clear.				



Scientists Involved	(provide name, af	filiation, email)

First Name	Last Name	Affiliation	Email
Rachel	Bassett	rachel.bassett@noaa.gov	NOAA NCCOS DCEL
Upasana	Ganguly	upasana.ganguly1@louisiana.edu	University of Louisiana at Lafayette
Chip	Collier	Chip.collier@safmc.net	SAFMC
Peter	Auster	peter.auster@uconn.edu	UConn & Mystic Aquarium
Cristina	Cedeño-Posso	cristina.cedeno@invemar.org.co; cristina.cedeno@hotmail.com	Invemar, Colombia
Luke	McCartin	Imccartin@whoi.edu	WHOI
Upasana	Ganguly	upasana.ganguly1@gmail.com	University of Louisiana at Lafayette
Carolyn	Ruppel	cruppel@usgs.gov	USGS
Janessy	Frometa	janessy.frometa@noaa.gov	NOAA Deep Coral Ecology Lab
Lauren	Walling	lauren.walling1@louisiana.edu	University of Louisiana at Lafayette
Mary	Wicksten	m-wicksten@tamu.edu	Texas A&M University
Enrique (Ren)	Salgado	enrique.salgado@noaa.gov	NOAA CSS
Adam	Skarke	adam.skarke@msstate.edu	Mississippi State University
Megan	McCuller	megan.mcculler@naturalsciences.org	North Carolina Museum of Natural Sciences
Nolan	Barrett	barrettnh@g.cofc.edu	Georgia Institute of Technology
Kelley	Brumley	kbrumley@fugro.com	Fugro
Kevin	Kocot	kmkocot@ua.edu	University of Alabama
Asako	Matsumoto	amatsu@gorgonian.jp	Chiba Institute of Technology
Scott	France	france@louisiana.edu	University of Louisiana at Lafayette
Michael	Vecchione	vecchiom@si.edu	NOAA National Systematics Lab
Tara	Harmer Luke	luket@stockton.edu; tara.luke@stockton.edu	Stockton University
Alexis	Weinnig	aweinnig@temple.edu	Temple University
Amy	Wagner	amy.wagner@csus.edu; amywagner98@gmail.com	California State University, Sacramento
Danielle	Power	danielle.l.power@noaa.gov	NOAA Ship Okeanos Explorer
J	Dunn	christopher.dunn@noaa.gov	NOAA OER
Kevin	Jerram	kjerram@ccom.unh.edu	UNH
Shannon	Ноу	shannon.hoy@noaa.gov	NOAA OER

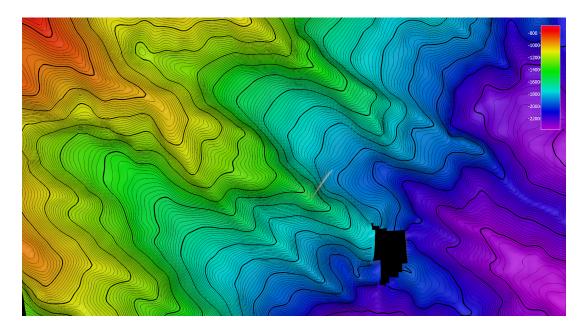


Dive Purpose	The primary objective of this dive is to explore and characterize a small canyon that has
	the potential to be suitable habitat for deep-water coral, sponges, and associated fauna.
Dive Description	It took a substantial amount of time to locate a dive site that was suitable. The first few sites we had planned were in the direct line of the Gulf Stream which was clocking over 4 kts. We also encountered a substantial amount of fishing traffic at a site we had located at a more shallow point on this same canyon. We were finally able to launch the ROV at this site around 16:43 UTC and reach bottom at 17:57 UTC at 1,345 meters. There was a lot of sediment and turbidity in the water column for the majority of the descent and throughout the dive. Once we reached bottom it was a very soft, silty bottom with multiple fish present (at least two types of eelpouts, rattails, and other column. Shortly after being on bottom we saw a short-finned squid (<i>llex illececbrosus</i>) and saw a few more individuals of the same species throughout the dive. We continued along our dive track and the seafloor continued to be heavily sedimented, even as we worked up a relatively steep slope (>30 degrees). We observed another type of squid (<i>Mastigoteuthis magna</i>) in the water column. About an hour and a half into the dive (19:30 UTC, 1,300 meters) we came upon a rock that appeared to be authigenic carbonate with two different types of bacterial mats growing on the rock. This is thought to be a possible site of methane seepage, however we did not observe methane bubbles, methane hydrate, or other signs of chemosynthetic communities. There were alread y becoming on ledges but during the close up footage it was apparent they were already becoming pretty heavily sedimented. We observed a few different types of shring an different seepage in the crevices of the authigenic carbonate. As we continued on with the dive the canyon features continued to be heavily sedimented with almost not organisms actually attached and growing on the benthos. We observed a few different types of shring and a few red crabs (<i>Chaceon</i> sp.). Around 21:30 UTC the weather had picked up on the surface and the ROV supervisor decided it would be safest to bring the v
Notable Observations	Potential seep site with authigenic carbonate and bacterial mats
Community Presence/ Absence (community is defined as more than two species)	 Corals and Sponges Chemosynthetic Community High biodiversity Community Active Seep or Vent Extinct Seep or Vent Hydrates
CMECS Feature Type	Submarine Canyon, Authigenic Carbonate Outcrops

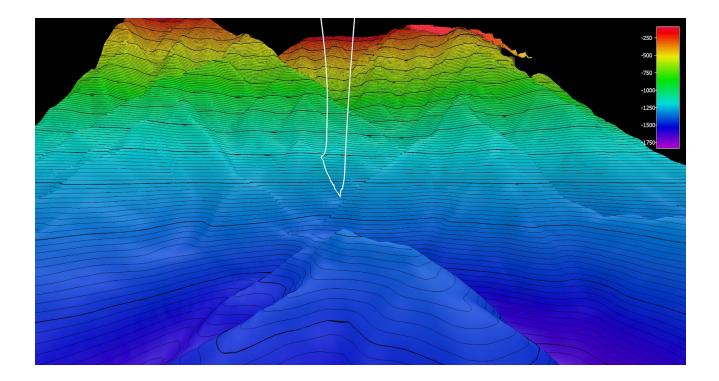


https://data.oceannetworks.ca/SeaTubeV2?resourceTypeId=1000&resourceId=2 3621&diveId=1443

Overall Map of the ROV Dive Area



Close-up Map of Main Dive Site





Representative Photos of the Dive



Seafloor as the ROV approached bottom - very sedimented and a number of fish (eelpouts and cusk eels)



Two species of squid observed during this dive. Red squid (*Mastigoteuthis magna*) and opaque squid (*Illex illecebrosus*)





Potential authigenic carbonate rock with two different types of bacteria (silverish and white filaments)



Samples Collected

There were no samples collected on this dive.



Please direct inquiries to:

NOAA Office of Ocean Exploration & Research 1315 East-West Highway (SSMC3 10th Floor) Silver Spring, MD 20910 (301) 734-1014

