## OKEANOS EXPLORER ROV DIVE FORM

Site Name										
ROV Lead	Dave Lovalvo					Okeanos Explorer				
General Area Descriptor	100km N of Bitung, Indonesia									
UTC Data & Time	Deployment	7/26/2010			13 AM		O.			
UTC Date & Time	Recovery	7/26/200			46 AM					
Bottom Time [HH:MM]	04:50					0.000 27 AGE OTHER PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF				
Landing Time & Location	UTC Time			02:15		Depth [m]		2105		
	Latitude	2		ō	16.13786		}	(		N
	Longitude	124		ō		49.061981	=		E	
Off Bottom Time & Location	UTC Time	07			Depth [			1961		
	Latitude	2		ō	16.19001		.7		′	N
	Longitude	124		ō	49.37548			, E		
ROV Dive Name	Cruise Season				Leg				Number	
	EX1004			LEG03 ROV04 (17)						
Equipment Deployed	ROV: Camera Platfom:			Little Hercules  Phoenix Camera Platform						
ROV Measurements	Camera riacioni.			Depth						
	Scanning Sonar		USBL Position			Heading				
	Pitch		Roll			HD Camera				
Equipment										
Malfunctions	None									
Special Notes	Click here to enter text.									
Scientists Involved (please provide name / location / affiliation / email)	Santiago Herrera (on-board Science Lead), EX, WHOI, sherrera@whoi.edu Tim Shank (on-shore Science Lead), USA, WHOI, tshank@whoi.edu Eleanor Bors, ECC Seattle, WHOI, ekbors@gmail.com Catriona Munro, WHOI, WHOI, c.munro@ucl.ac.uk Elizabeth Sibert, WHOI, WHOI, esibert@ucsd.edu Verena Tunnicliffe, U. Victoria, U. Victoria verenat@uvic.ca Rainer Troa, EX, renertroa@gmail.com									

**Purpose of the Dive:** To explore unexplored areas on the summit of Site G, and of potential hard bottom in this region of the south to compare to site "T" and sites in the north over depth zones.

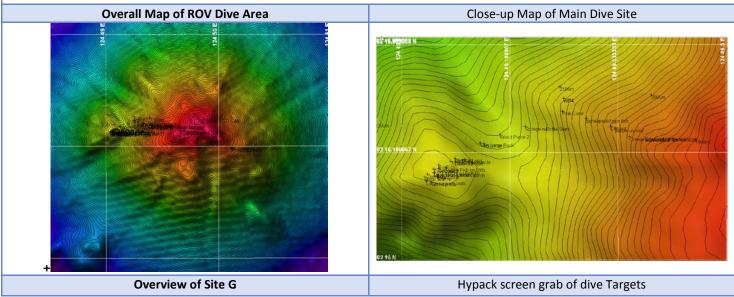
## **Description of the Dive:**

The dive started at the summit of a knoll located SW of the main cone of target G (WPI). Depth at that point was 2108m, water temp 3.60, salinity 34.58. The bottom was completely covered with sediments, with the exception of one rocky outcrop. Abundances and diversity of epifauna were very low. Mostly dominated by ophiuroids, xenophyophores, a couple of octocorals (pennatulaceans) and two remarkable fish. On the rocky outcrop there was a concentrated amount of biomass. Black corals were dominiant and many ophiuroids were seen on the rock surface. Current at this place had a heading of 335deg and a speed of 0.1 knots.

As we moved NE toward WP2 we descended to about 2200m and then started ascending again as we reached the base of the main cone of volcano G. The bottom along the way was completely covered with sediments, with the exception of one large rocky outcrop. Abundances and diversity of epifauna were very low on the sediments. Mostly dominated by ophiuroids and xenophyophores. On the rocky outcrop there was a extremely high concentration of biomass. Multiple species of black corals, bamboo corals and crinoids were dominiant and many ophiuroids were seen on the rock surface.

We started climbing up hill over a steep slope as we moved E toward WP3. The hard bottom area, and diversity and abundance of epifauna increased gradually with decreasing depth. A dominant southward downwelling current was observed. On the hard bottom substrates the fauna was similar as the one found in the deeper outcrops.

In general the diversity was significantly lower than, for example, site K. But the localized abundances of fauna on hard substrates were very high. It is also noteworthy that the sizes of most organisms were quite large. This could be taken as indicative of an ecosystem not limited by food but by availability of substrates. As a side point, no individuals of *Anthomastus*, stylasterids or scleractinian corals were observed at volcano G in either of the two dives.



## Representative Photos of the Dive



20100726\_06h18m35s16\_ROVHD\_YELLOW\_CORAL The bottom along the way was completely covered with sediments, with the exception of one large rocky outcrop. Abundances and diversity of epifauna were very low on the sediments.



20100726\_05h03m05s16\_ROVHD\_ROCK\_DETAIL
In general the diversity was significantly lower than, for example, site K. But the localized abundances of fauna on hard substrates were very high.

Please direct inquiries to:

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