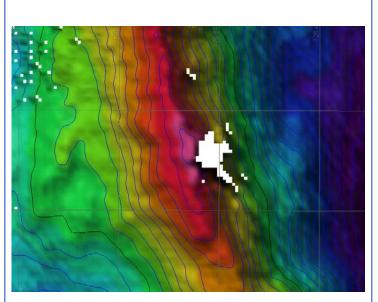
## OKEANOS EXPLORER ROV DIVE FORM

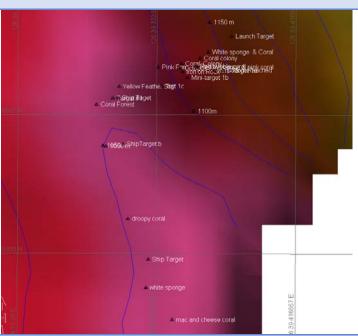
Site Name	Black Hole								
ROV Lead	Dave Lovalvo								
General Area Descriptor	400 km North of Bitung, Indonesia							eano: plore	STATE OF THE PARTY
UTC Date & Time	Deployment	7/6/2	2010 12:00 AM						
	Recovery	7/6/2010 8:46 AM			6 AM				
Bottom Time [HH:MM]	[04:11]						On O Presion  On O Company Technologist  US Sept of State Congression  One 510 Model, U.S. Many Model Of  1930 OCH M. (15512-17-56" E. elevid)		Coogle:
Landing Time & Location	UTC Time		03:25			Depth [m]		1170	
	Latitude	5		ō		14.943		,	N
	Longitude	126		ō		39.373		(	E
Off Bottom Time & Location	UTC Time		07:36			Depth [m] 1		1200 (approx)	
	Latitude	5	ō			14.747		(	N
	Longitude	126		ō	39.371				E
ROV Dive Name  Equipment Deployed	Cruise Season		Leg			Dive Number			
	EX1004 ROV:		LEG02		LEG02	ROV07  Little Hercules			
	Camera Platfom:		Pł			Phoenix Camera Platform			
ROV Measurements	CTD		Depth			☐ Altitude			
	Scanning Sonar		□ USBL Position     □ Roll			Heading			
		Pitch		oll	Dos Com 2	HD Camera			
Equipment	Low Res Cam 1								
Malfunctions	camera platform.								
Special Notes	Click here to enter text.								
Scientists Involved (please provide name / location / affiliation / email)	David Butterfield/Seattle ECC/PMEL								
	Verena Tunnicliffe/Seattle ECC/UVIC								
	Tim Shank/WHOI/WHOI Santiago Herrera (student)/WHOI/WOI								
	Catriona Munro (student)/WHOI/WOI								
	Elizabeth Silbert (student)/WHOI/WOI								
	Ellie Bors (student)/Seattle ECC/WHOI								
	Jim Holden/Jakarta ECC/UMASS Xerandy – EX Control Room/Indonesia								
	John Sherrin (student) – EX Control Room/U of Victoria								

Purpose of the Dive: To explore Click here to enter text.

## **Description of the Dive:**

The crew launched the ROV for dive 7 at 5° 14.964'N 126° 39.378'E around 0815. The dive began 150m below the summit on the eastern slope of a steep ridge. The top of the ridge was at a depth of approximately 1050m. The pilots traversed the ROV up a steep face of rock that was lightly covered in fine-grained pelagic sediment and contained several different species of corals, sponges and crinoids. The Team captured excellent close-ups of what may turn out to be a number of completely new species for scientists. Biomass appeared to increase as we approached the summit ridge and was mostly dominated by sessile species. We also happened to spot an octopus hiding beneath a pile of rocks. As the sub traveled in a southerly direction down the ridge, we found an area with relatively few organisms that appeared to have been recently disturbed. We did not find any evidence of hydrothermal or volcanic activity at this site. There were no issues with the lateral thruster. However, after recovering the ROV, a small amount of moisture was discovered in the HD camera housing in the camera platform.





Overall Map of ROV Dive Area at Black Hole

Close-up Map of Main Dive Site

## **Representative Photos of the Dive**



20100706\_04h40m08s20\_ROVHD\_ROCKS\_CORAL
The pilots traversed the ROV up a steep face of rock that was lightly covered in fine-grained pelagic sediment and contained several different species of corals, sponges and crinoids.



20100706\_05h29m07sII\_ROVHD\_CORAL\_ZOOM
Biomass appeared to increase as we approached the summit ridge and was mostly dominated by sessile species

Please direct inquiries to:

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